PLENTYWOOD SCHOOL DISTRICT

1000 SERIES THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES

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THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES

Legal Status and Operation

The Board of Trustees of Plentywood School District is the governmental entity established by the state of Montana to plan and direct all aspects of the District's operations, to the end that students shall have ample opportunity to achieve their individual and collective learning needs.

The policies of the Board define the organization of the Board and the manner of conducting its official business. The operating policies are those that the Board adopts from time to time to facilitate the performance of its responsibilities.

Legal Reference: § 20-3-323, MCA District policy and record of acts

§ 20-3-324, MCA Powers and duties

Policy History:

Adopted on: 09/09/97

Revised on:

Reviewed on: 08/18/2008

THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES

1005FE

FLEXIBILITY AND EFFICIENCY

Proficiency-Based ANB

It is the policy of the District to increase the flexibility and efficiency of the District's resources by utilizing the provision of law allowing proficiency-based ANB.

The school district has a definition of proficiency within the meaning of that term as used in 20-9-311(4)(d). The definition must not require seat time as a condition or other element of determining proficiency. The definition must be incorporated in the district's policies and must be used for purposes of determining content and course mastery and other progress, promotion from grade to grade, grades, and graduation for pupils enrolled in the district's transformational learning program.

Definition of Proficiency

For purposes of this policy, the term "proficiency" means a degree of mastery of the underlying content for a course that is reflective of a final grade, in the professional opinion of the teacher of record, of not less than a "B". The determination of proficiency by a teacher must not require seat time as a condition or other element of determining proficiency.

The determination of proficiency for a pupil enrolled in a course shall be made no earlier than the deadline for submitting the final grade for the course. The determination of proficiency for a pupil not enrolled in a course shall be based on the pupil's mastery of the underlying content of the course, demonstrated through completion of a final exam designed by the teacher of record for the applicable course with a minimum grade of a "B".

Teachers of record have full professional discretion in determining proficiency of pupils in courses taught. Teachers of record are encouraged to integrate trial and error into the learning process and to incorporate continued opportunity for practice and revision of assignments until a pupil reaches a performance level that demonstrates to the teacher's satisfaction that mastery of learning expectations has been attained.

The District may include in its calculation of ANB a pupil who is enrolled in a program providing fewer than the required aggregate hours of pupil instruction required under Montana law if the pupil has demonstrated proficiency in the content ordinarily covered by the instruction as determined by the school board using district assessments. The ANB of a pupil who demonstrates proficiency in any content/subject matter will be converted to an hourly equivalent based on the hours of instruction ordinarily provided for the content over which the student has demonstrated proficiency.

The District may waive specific course requirements based on individual student needs and performance levels. Waiver requests shall also be considered with respect to age, maturity, interest, and aspirations of the students and shall be in consultation with the parents or guardians.

At the discretion of the District, a student may be given credit for a course satisfactorily completed in a period of time shorter or longer than normally required and, provided that the course meets the District's curriculum and assessment requirements, which are aligned with the content standards stated in the education program. Examples of acceptable course work include, but are not necessarily limited to, those delivered through correspondence, extension, and distance learning courses, adult education, summer school, work study, specially designed courses, and challenges to current courses.

Legal Reference: 20-1-301, MCA School fiscal year

20-9-311(4)(a)(b)(d), MCA Calculation of average number belonging

(ANB) - 3-year averaging

20-3-324, MCA Powers and duties 10.55.906 ARM High School Credit

Chapter 402 (2019) Transformational Learning Incentives

Policy History:

Adopted on:

Revised on: 12/10/18, 12/09/19

Reviewed on:

THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES

1006FE

FLEXIBILITY AND EFFICIENCY

Transfers for School Safety

It is the policy of the District to increase the flexibility and efficiency of the District's resources by utilizing the provision of law allowing transfers of funds to improve school safety and security.

The District may transfer state or local revenue from any budgeted or non-budgeted fund, other than the debt service fund or retirement fund, to its building reserve fund in an amount not to exceed the school district's estimated costs of improvements to school and student_safety and security

The transfer of such funds can be for:

- planning for improvements to and maintenance of school and student safety, including but not limited to the cost of services provided by architects, engineers, school resource officers, counselors, and other staff or consultants assisting with improvements to school and student safety and security;
- 2. programs to support school and student safety and security, including but not limited to active shooter training, threat assessments and restorative justice;
- installing or updating locking mechanisms and ingress and egress systems at public school access points, including but not limited to systems for exterior egress doors and interior passageways and rooms, using contemporary technologies;
- 4. installing or updating bullet-resistant windows and barriers; and
- 5. installing or updating emergency response systems using contemporary technologies

Any transfers made under this policy and Montana law are not considered expenditures to be applied against budget authority. Any revenue transfers that are not encumbered for expenditures in compliance with the four reasons stated above, within 2 full school fiscal years after the funds are transferred, must be transferred back to the originating fund from which the revenue was transferred.

If transfers of funds are made from a District fund supported by a non-voted levy, the District may not increase its non-voted levy for the purpose of restoring the transferred funds.

Legal Reference: 20-9-503, MCA Budgeting, tax levy, and use of building reserve

fund.

20-9-236, MCA Transfer of funds – improvements to school

safety and security

Policy History:

Adopted on:

Revised on: 12/10/18, 12/09/19

Reviewed on:

1009FE Page 1 of 3

FLEXIBILITY AND EFFICIENCY

Recruitment and Retention

It is the policy of the District to utilize all resources available to meet the District's objective of recruiting and retaining high quality staff focused on the individual success of each student. To meet this objective the District will utilize the flexible instructor licensure opportunities available to the District.

Flexible Instructor Licensing

It is the policy of the District to increase the flexibility and efficiency of the District's resources by utilizing the provision of law allowing flexibility in licensure of instructors and as a means of addressing recruitment and retention of staff. Flexibilities in the following areas are available for the District's enhancement of its programs and services with a focus on individual student success:

- Internships
 - Available to anyone with a current license and endorsement in one subject who wants to move to a new licensed role/endorsed area.
 - o Requirements must be satisfied within 3 years
 - Must include a plan between the intern, the school district and an accredited preparation program
- Provisionally Certified
 - May be issued to an otherwise qualified applicant who can provide satisfactory evidence of:
 - The intent to qualify in the future for a class 1 or class 2 certificate and
 - Who has completed a 4-year college program or its equivalent, and
 - Holds a bachelor's degree from a unit of the Montana university system or its equivalent.
- Substitutes
 - o Must have a GED or high school diploma
 - o Will have completed 3 hours of training by the district
 - Will have submitted a fingerprint background check
 (All requirements can be waived by the district if the substitute has prior substitute teaching experience in another public school from November 2002 to earlier)
 - May not substitute more than 35 consecutive days for the same teacher, however the same substitute can be used for successive absences of different staff as long as each regular teacher for whom the substitute is covering is back by 35 consecutive teaching days
- Retired Educators

- School district must certify to OPI and TRS that the district has been unable to fill the
 position due to no qualified applications or no acceptance of offer by a non-retired
 teacher
- → Limited to employment in a second or third class elementary district or a second or third class high school district.
- o Retired teacher must have 27 years of experience in TRS
- O There is a 3-year lifetime limit on the retired individual going to work under this provision

Class 3 Administrative License

- Valid for a period of 5 years
- Appropriate administrative areas include: elementary principal, secondary principal, K-12 principal, K-12 superintendent, and supervisor.
- Must be eligible for an appropriately endorsed Class 1,2 or 5 license to teach in the school(s) in which the applicant would be an administrator or would supervise, and qualify as set forth in ARM 10.57414 through 10.57.418
- o An applicant for a Class 3 administrative license who completed an educator preparation program which does not meet the definition in ARM 10.57.102(2), who is currently licensed in another state at the same level of licensure, may be considered for licensure with verification of five years of successful administrative experience as defined in ARM 10.57.102 as documented by a recommendation from a state accredited P-12 school employer on a form prescribed by the Superintendent of Public Instruction and approved by the Board of Public Education. The requirements of ARM 10.57.414(1)(c)(i-iii) must be met by an applicant seeking a superintendent endorsement.

• Class 4 for CTE

- Valid for a period of 5 years
- o Renewable pursuant to the requirements of 10.57.215, ARM and the requirements specific to each type of Class 4 license.
- o 4A for licensed teachers without a CTE endorsement
- 4B for individuals with at least a bachelor's degree
- o 4C for individuals with a minimum of a high school diploma or GED

• Class 5 alternatives

- o Good for a maximum of 3 years
- o Requirements dependent upon the alternative the district is seeking
- Emergency authorization of employment
 - o Individual must have previously held a valid teacher or specialist certificate or have met requirements of rule 10.57.107, ARM
 - Emergency authorization is valid for one year, but can be renewed from year to year provided conditions of scarcity continue to persist

Loan Repayment Program

The District will assist any quality educator who meets the qualifications for the state's loan repayment program. Loan repayment assistance may be provided on behalf of a quality educator who: (1) is employed newly hired in an identified impacted school described in a critical quality educator shortage area as defined in 20-4-502; and (2) has an educational loan that is not in

default and that has a minimum unpaid current balance of at least \$1,000 at the time of application.

A quality educator is eligible for state-funded loan repayment assistance for no more than 3 years and an additional 1 year of loan repayment assistance voluntarily funded by the impacted school or the district under which the impacted school is operated, with the maximum annual loan repayment assistance not to exceed:

- \$3,000 of state-funded loan repayment assistance after the first complete year of teaching in an impacted school;
- \$4,000 of state-funded loan repayment assistance after the second complete year of teaching in the same impacted school or another impacted school within the same school district;
- \$5,000 of state-funded loan repayment assistance after the third complete year of teaching in the same impacted school or another impacted school within the same school district; and
- up to \$5,000 of loan repayment assistance funded by the impacted school or the district under which the impacted school is operated after the fourth complete year of teaching in the same impacted school or another impacted school within the same school district.

Legal References: 10.55.716, ARM Substitute Teache
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10.55.607, ARM Internships

10.57.107, ARM Emergency Authorization of Employment

10.57.215, ARM Renewal Requirements

10.57.420, ARM Class 4 Career and Technical Education License

10.57.424, ARM Class 5 Provisional License

19-20-732, MCA Reemployment of certain retired teachers,

specialists and administrators – procedure –

definitions

20-4-501-20-4-505 Loan Repayment Assistance for Quality Educator

Policy History:

Adopted on:

Revised on: 12/10/18, 12/09/19

Reviewed on:

1010

THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES

Code of Ethics for School Board Members

AS A MEMBER OF MY LOCAL BOARD OF TRUSTEES, I WILL STRIVE TO IMPROVE PUBLIC EDUCATION, AND TO THAT END I WILL:

Attend all regularly scheduled Board meetings insofar as possible, and become informed concerning the issues to be considered at those meetings;

Recognize that I should endeavor to make policy decisions only after full discussion at publicly held Board meetings;

Render all decisions based on the available facts and my independent judgment, and refuse to surrender that judgment to individuals or special interest groups;

Encourage the free expression of opinion by all Board members, and seek systematic communications between the Board and students, staff, and all elements of the community;

Work with other Board members to establish effective Board policies and to delegate authority for the administration to the Superintendent;

Recognize and respect the responsibilities that properly are delegated to the Superintendent;

Communicate to the Superintendent expression of public reaction to Board policies, school programs, or staff;

Inform myself about current educational issues by individual study and through participation in programs providing needed information;

Support the employment of those persons best qualified to serve as school staff, and insist on regular and impartial evaluation of staff;

Avoid being placed in a position of conflict of interest, and refrain from using my Board position for personal or partisan gain;

Avoid compromising the Board of administration by inappropriate individual action or comments, and respect the confidentiality of information that is privileged under applicable law;

Remember always that my first and greatest concern must be the educational welfare of the students attending public schools.

Policy History:

Adopted on: 09/09/97

Revised on:

Reviewed on: 08/18/2008

FLEXIBILITY AND EFFICIENCY

Intent to Increase Non-Voted Levy

The trustees shall adopt a resolution no later than March 31 whenever the trustees intend to impose an increase in a non-voted levy in the ensuing school fiscal year for the purposes of funding any of the funds listed below:

- a) Tuition fund under 20-5-324;
- b) Adult education fund under 20-7/705;
- c) Building reserve fund under 20-9-502 and 20-9-503;
- d) Transportation fund under 20-10-143 and 20-10-144;
- e) Bus depreciation reserve fund under 20-10-147; and
- f) Flexibility fund for purposes of transformational learning.

The trustees shall provide notice of intent to impose an increase in a non-voted levy for the ensuing school fiscal year by:

- a) Adopting a resolution of intent to impose an increase in a non-voted levy that includes, at a minimum, the estimated number of increased or decreased mills to be imposed and the estimated increased or decreased revenue to be raised compared to non-voted levies under a-e imposed in the current school fiscal year and, based on the district's taxable valuation most recently certified by the department of revenue under 15-10-202, the estimated impacts of the increase or decrease on a home valued at \$100,000 and a home valued at \$200,000, and
- b) Publish a copy of the resolution in a newspaper that will give notice to the largest number of people of the district as determined by the trustees and posting a copy of the resolution to the school district's website.

The resolution and publication of same must take place no later than March 31.

The Superintendent shall keep the trustees informed of any changes that may have occurred, which may have an effect on the estimated change in the mills and revenue, between the adoption of the resolution and the final adoption of the budget.

Legal Reference: 20-9-116, MCA Resolution of intent to increase nonvoted levy –

notice

Chapter 402 (2019) Transformational Learning Incentives

Policy History:

Adopted on: 12/10/18 Revised on: 12/09/19

Reviewed on:

FLEXIBILITY AND EFFICIENCY

Notice of Intent to Impose an Increase in Levies Form

fiscal year begin		es and mills for the funds _, using certified taxable rict:		
Fund Supported	Estimated Change in Revenues*	Estimated Change in Mills*	Estimated Impact, Home of \$100,000*	Estimated Impact, Home of \$200,000*
Adult Education	\$increase/decrease	\$increase/decrease	\$increase/decrease	\$increase/decrease
Bus Depreciation	\$increase/decrease	\$increase/decrease	\$increase/decrease	\$increase/decrease
Transportation	\$increase/decrease	\$increase/decrease	\$increase/decrease	\$increase/decrease
Tuition	\$increase/decrease	\$increase/decrease	\$increase/decrease	\$increase/decrease
Building Reserve	\$increase/decrease	\$increase/decrease	\$increase/decrease	\$increase/decrease
<u>Flexibility</u>	\$ increase/decrease	\$ increase/decrease	\$ increase/decrease	\$ increase/decrease
Total	\$increase/decrease	\$increase/decrease	\$increase/decrease	\$increase/decrease
*Impacts above a	are based on current certi	fied taxable valuations from	n the current school fiscal	year
	•	eserve levy referenced ab		chool
2				
4				
Legal Reference notice	e: 20-9-116, MCA	Resolution of intent	to increase nonvoted lev	vy-
Revised on: 1	2/09/19			

As an essential part of its budgeting process, the Plentywood Board of Trustees is authorized by law to impose levies to support its budget. The Plentywood Board of Trustees estimates the

FLEXIBILITY AND EFFICIENCY

Personalized Learning Opportunities

It is the policy of the District to create an environment and culture that supports and meets the individual needs, skills and interests of each student, provides advanced opportunities for students and supports transformational learning. As a result of the collective efforts of Trustees, Administrators, and Educators, the District ensures equality of educational opportunity for each student and have fully developed the potential of each student in District schools. In addition to other initiatives/strategies, the District is committed to the following:

- 1. Expanding the personalized learning opportunities for each student to accelerate in their career and college readiness, reduce the out-of-pocket costs for families and empower students to actively engage in forming successful post-secondary pathways by:
 - a. developing an advanced opportunity plan for students in grades 6-12 that
 - i. fosters individualized pathways for career and postsecondary educational opportunities and that honors individual interests, passions, strengths, needs, and culture and is supported through relationships among teachers, family, peers, the business community, postsecondary education officials, and other community stakeholders; and
 - ii. embeds community-based, experiential, online, and work-based learning opportunities and foster a learning environment that incorporates both face-to-face and virtual connections.
- 2. Supporting and embracing a culture of transformational learning by:
 - a. developing a transformational learning plan for each participating student that
 - honors individual interests, passions, strengths, needs, and culture, and that is rooted in relationships with teachers, family, peers, and community members;
 - ii. embeds community-based, experiential, online, and work-based learning opportunities and foster a learning environment that incorporates both face-to-face and virtual connections; and
 - iii. provide effective professional development to assist employees in transitioning to a transformational learning model.

Policy History:

Adopted on: 01/13/20

Revised on: Reviewed on:

FLEXIBILITY AND EFFICIENCY

Independent Investment Accounts

The Board may establish independent investment accounts separate and apart from those funds maintained by the county treasurer. The Board may transfer cash into an independent investment account from any budgeted or non-budgeted funds. A separate account shall be established for each fund from which transfers are made. The principal and any interest earned must be reallocated to the fund from which the deposit was originally made. Unless otherwise provided by law, all other revenue may be sent directly to a participating district's investment account.

The District may either:

- 1. Establish and use the account as a non-spending account, returning sufficient funds to the county treasurer in time to pay all claims against the applicable fund; or
- 2. Establish a subsidiary checking account and make expenditures from the investment account, provided all transactions are accounted for and reported, as required by applicable accounting principles. If the District desires to establish a subsidiary checking account for purposes of paying for expenditures directly from an investment account, the District must enter into a written agreement with the county treasurer, in accordance with § 20-9-235, MCA.

Legal Reference: § 20-9-235, MCA Authorization for school district investment account

Policy History:

Adopted on: 01/13/20

Reviewed on: Revised on:

THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES

Organization

The legal name of this District is Plentywood School District No. 20, Sheridan County, State of Montana. The District is classified as a second class district and is operated according to the laws and regulations pertaining to elementary and high school districts.

In order to achieve its primary goal of providing each child with the necessary skills and attitudes to become effective citizens, the Board shall exercise the full authority granted to it by the laws of the state. Its legal powers, duties, and responsibilities are derived from the Montana Constitution and state statutes and regulations. Sources such as *School Laws of Montana* and the administrative rules of the Board of Public Education and the Office of Superintendent of Public Instruction delineate the legal powers, duties, and responsibilities of the Board.

The Plentywood School District No. 20 maintains the Plentywood Public Schools.

The District constitutes that taxable basis for purposes of construction, operation, and maintenance of Plentywood High School.

Legal References: § 20-3-324, MCA Powers and duties

§ 20-6-101, MCA Definition of elementary and high school districts

§ 20-6-201, MCA Elementary district classification § 20-6-301, MCA High school district classification

Policy History:

Adopted on: 09/09/97

Revised on:

Reviewed on: 08/18/2008

<u>Membership</u>

The District is governed by a Board of Trustees consisting of five (5) members. The powers and duties of the Board include the broad authority to adopt and enforce all policies necessary for the management, operations and governance of the District. Except as otherwise provided by law, trustees shall hold office for terms of three (3) years, or until their successors are elected and qualified. Terms of trustees shall be staggered as provided by law.

All trustees shall participate on an equal basis with other members in all business transactions pertaining to the high school maintained by the District. Only those trustees elected from the elementary district may participate in business transactions pertaining to the elementary schools maintained by the District.

Legal References:	§ 20-3-301, MCA § 20-3-302, MCA	Election and term of office Legislative intent to elect less than majority of
	§ 20-3-302, WCA	trustees
	§ 20-3-305, MCA	Candidate qualification and nomination
	§ 20-3-306, MCA	Conduct of election
	§ 20-3-307, MCA	Qualification and oath
	§ 20-3-341, MCA	Number of trustee positions in elementary districts – transition
	§ 20-3-344, MCA	Nomination of candidates by petition in first-class elementary district
	§ 20-3-351, MCA	Number of trustee positions in high school districts
	§ 20-3-352, MCA	Request and determination of number of high school district additional trustee positions – nonvoting trustee
	§ 20-3-361, MCA	Joint board of trustees organization and voting membership

Policy History:

Adopted on: 09/09/97

Reviewed on:

Revised on: 10/09/01, 08/22/2008, 08/18/14

THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES

Taking Office

A newly elected trustee shall take office as soon as election results have been certified and the newly elected trustee has taken and subscribed to an oath to faithfully and impartially discharge the duties of the office to the best of his/her ability.

A newly appointed trustee shall take office, after the trustee has taken and subscribed to an oath to faithfully and impartially discharge the duties of the office to the best of his/her ability.

The person shall qualify by taking an oath of office administered by the county superintendent, the superintendent's designee, or any officer provided for in 1-6-101, MCA or 2-16-116, MCA. Such oath must be filed with the county superintendent not more than fifteen (15) days after the receipt of the certificate of election or the appointment.

Cross Reference: Policy 1113 Vacancies

Legal References: § 1-6-101, MCA Officers who may administer oaths

§ 2-16-116, MCA Power to administer oaths

§ 20-1-202, MCA Oath of office

§ 20-3-307, MCA Qualification and oath

Policy History:

Adopted on: 09/09/97

Reviewed on:

Revised on: 08/22/08, 11/08/11, 08/18/14, 12/09/19

THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES

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Election

Elections conducted by the District are nonpartisan and are governed by applicable election laws as found in Titles 13 & 20 of the Montana Code Annotated. The ballot at such elections may include candidates for trustee positions, various public policy propositions, and advisor questions.

Board elections shall take place on the first (1st) Tuesday after the first (1st) Monday in May of each year. Any person who is a qualified voter of the District is legally qualified to become a trustee. A declaration of intent to be a candidate must be submitted to the District Clerk at least forty (40) days before the regular school election day. If different terms are to be filled, the term for the position for which the candidate is filing must also be indicated. Any person seeking to become a write-in candidate for a trustee position shall file a declaration of intent no later than 5:00 p.m. on the day before the ballot certification deadline in 20-20-401. If the number of candidates filing for vacant positions or filing a declaration of intent to be a write-in candidate is equal to or less than the number of positions to be elected, the trustees may give notice no later than thirty (30) days before the election that a trustee election will not take place. If a trustee election is not held, the trustees shall declare the candidates elected by acclamation and shall issue a "certificate of election" to each candidate.

A candidate intending to withdraw from the election shall send a statement of withdrawal to the clerk of the district containing all information necessary to identify the candidate and the office for which the candidate filed. The statement of withdrawal must be acknowledged by the clerk of the district. A candidate may not withdraw after 5:00 p.m. the day before the ballot certification deadline in 20-20-401.

In the event of an unforeseen emergency occurring on the date scheduled for the funding election, the district will be allowed to reschedule the election for a different day of the calendar year.

In years when the Legislature meets in regular session or in a special session that affects school funding, the trustees may order the election on a date other than the regular school election day in order for the electors to consider a proposition requesting additional funding under § 20-9-353, MCA.

Legal Reference:	§ 13-10-211, MCA § 20-3-304, MCA § 20-3-305, MCA § 20-3-313, MCA § 20-3-322, MCA	Declaration of intent for write-in candidates Annual election Candidate qualification, nomination and withdrawal Election by acclamation – notice Meetings and quorum
	§ 20-3-322(5), MCA	Meetings and quorum (unforeseen emergency definition)
	§ 20-3-324(4), MCA	Powers and duties
	§ 20-3-344, MCA	Nomination of candidates by petition in first- class elementary district
	§ 20-9-353, MCA	Additional financing for general fund – election for authorization to impose
	§ 20-20-105, MCA	Regular school election day and special school Elections
	§ 20-20-204, MCA	Election Notice
D. P. LILL	§ 20-20-301, MCA	Qualifications of elector

Policy History:
Adopted on: 09/09/97
Revised on: 09/14/99, 09/14/99, 09/11/01, 10/13/03, 08/22/2008, 11/08/11, 10/13/2015

THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES

Resignation

The resignation of a trustee of the District must be in writing, must stipulate an effective date, and must be submitted to the Clerk of the District.

[Trustees retiring from the Board may be recognized for their service to the District by presentation of a service plaque or other appropriate activities.]

Legal Reference: § 2-16-502, MCA Resignations

§ 20-3-308, MCA Vacancy of trustee position

Policy History:

Adopted on: 09/09/97 Reviewed on: 09/14/99

Revised on: 08/18/08, 08/18/14, 10/14/19

THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES

Vacancies

A trustee position becomes vacant before the expiration of a term, when any of the following occurs:

- 1. Death of the trustee:
- 2. The effective date stipulated in the written resignation of the trustee filed with the Clerk;
- 3. Trustee moves out of the nominating district, establishing residence elsewhere;
- 4. Trustee is no longer a registered elector of the District under the provisions of § 20-20-301, MCA;
- 5. Trustee is absent from the District for sixty (60) consecutive days;
- 6. Trustee fails to attend three (3) consecutive meetings of the trustees without good excuse;
- 7. Trustee has been removed under the provisions of § 20-3-310, MCA; or
- 8. Trustee ceases to have the capacity to hold office under any other provision of law.
- 9. A trustee position also shall be vacant when an elected candidate fails to qualify.

When a trustee vacancy occurs, the remaining trustees shall declare such position vacant and fill such vacancy by appointment. The Board will receive applications from any qualified persons seeking to fill the position after suitable public notice. The Board will appoint one (1) candidate to fill the position.

Should the Board fail to fill a vacancy within sixty (60) days from the creation of a vacancy, the county superintendent shall appoint, in writing, a competent person to fill such vacancy. An appointee shall qualify by completing and filing an oath of office with the county superintendent within fifteen (15) days after receiving notice of the appointment and shall serve until the next regularly scheduled school election and a successor has qualified.

Cross Reference: 1240 Duties of Individual Trustees

1112 Resignations

Legal References: § 2-16-501(3), MCA Vacancies created

§ 20-3-308, MCA Vacancy of trustee position

§ 20-3-309, MCA Filling vacated trustee position – appointee

qualification and term of office

Policy History:

Adopted on: 09/09/97 Reviewed on: 08/18/08

Revised on: 10/13/03, 08/18/14, 10/14/19

THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES

Vacancies

When a vacancy occurs on the Board, it is in the best interest of the District to encourage as many citizens as possible to consider becoming a trustee. To that end, the following procedures shall be used to identify and appoint citizens to fill Board vacancies:

- 1. Announcement of the vacancy and the procedure for filling it shall be made in the local newspaper as well as general District publications to patrons.
- 2. All citizens shall be invited to nominate qualified candidates for the position. A letter of application will be required of interested candidates.
- 3. The Board shall individually interview the finalists in a regular or special meeting and appoint the candidate who, in the judgment of the Board, is most likely to contribute to the growth and development of the District's education programs and operations. All trustees shall vote on the candidate of their choice.
- 4. If no one (1) candidate receives a majority of the votes, the Board may:
 - a. Discuss all candidates and vote again;
 - b. Discuss all candidates and vote only on those candidates with the most votes; or
 - c. Continue voting until one (1) candidate receives a majority vote.
- 5. The Board Clerk shall prepare, for the signatures of all trustees, a letter thanking all candidates for the position and commending them for their interest in the District.

Procedure History:

Promulgated on: 10/13/03

Revised on:

Reviewed on: 08/18/2008

1113P

THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES

Annual Organization Meeting

After issuance of election certificates to newly elected trustees, but no later than 25 days after the election, the Board shall elect from among its members a Chairperson and a Vice Chairperson to serve until the next annual organizational meeting. If a Board member is unable to continue to serve as an officer, a replacement shall be elected at the earliest opportunity to serve the remainder of the term. In the absence of both the Chairperson and the Vice Chairperson, the Board shall elect a Chairperson *pro tempore*, who shall perform the functions of the Chairperson during the latter's absence. The Clerk shall act as Board secretary.

The normal order of business shall be modified for the annual organizational meeting by considering the following matters after the approval of the minutes of the previous meeting:

- 1. Welcome and introduction of newly elected Board members by the current Chairperson
- 2. Swearing in of newly elected trustees
- 3. Call for nominations for Chairperson to serve during the ensuing year
- 4. Election of a Chairperson
- 5. Assumption of office by the new Chairperson
- 6. Call for nominations for Vice Chairperson to serve during the ensuing year
- 7. Election of a Vice Chairperson
- 8. Appointment of a Clerk

Legal References: § 20-3-321, MCA Organization and officers

§ 20-3-322(a), MCA Meetings and quorum

§ 1-5-416(1)(b), MCA Powers and duties of Notary Public

Policy History:

Adopted on: 09/09/97 Reviewed on: 09/14/99

Revised on: 08/18/08, 11/08/11, 08/18/14, 12/09/19

Committees

Generally, trustees will function as a whole and will not form committees of the Board. Nevertheless the Board may create Board committees as deemed necessary or useful. All committees created by the Board shall comply with the open meeting laws and all other laws applicable to school board meetings.

Committees of the Board may be created and their purposes defined by a majority of the Board. The Board Chairperson shall appoint trustees to serve on such committees. Trustees serving on committees shall be limited to fewer than one-half (½) of the Board.

Legal Reference: § 2-3-203, MCA Meetings of public agencies and certain associations

of public agencies to be open to public – exceptions

Bryan v. Yellowstone (2002), 2002 MT 264 Crofts v. Associated Press (2004), 2004 MT 120

Policy History:

Adopted on: 09/09/97 Reviewed on: 08/18/08

Revised on: 10/09/01, 04/09/02, 10/13/03, 01/11/05, 11/14/06, 08/18/14

School Board Advocacy

The Board of Trustees of Plentywood School District believes it has a responsibility to the students, parents, and community to advocate for student achievement and quality education. In order to meet these responsibilities, the District will work vigorously for the passage of new laws designed to advance the cause of good schools and for the repeal or modification of existing laws that impede this cause.

Trustees must keep themselves and community members informed of pending legislation and actively communicate board positions and concerns to elected representatives at both the state and national level. The Board must work with legislative representatives (both state and federal), with the Montana School Boards Association, the National School Boards Association, and other concerned groups in developing an annual as well as long-range legislative program.

Each Trustee is encouraged to participate in the MTSBA Delegate Assembly, the MTSBA Board Legislative Contact Program and the caucuses. We also encourage each board and trustee to be aware of the importance of building a relationship with the community, to be used to increase student success.

In doing so, the Board will:

- 1. At its annual organizational meeting appoint a member as its Board Legislative Contact (BLC) to the Montana School Boards Association (MTSBA). This person will:
 - a. Serve as the Board's liaison to MTSBA;
 - b. Attend the Day of Advocacy during each legislative session;
 - c. Attend other state and regional association meetings as approved by the Board; and
 - d. Advise MTSBA of the Board's views regarding MTSBA's legislative positions and activities.
- 2. At least once each month, the Board meeting agenda will include an opportunity for the BLC to report on educational issues pending on the state and federal levels.
- 3. Work with the BLC, MTSBA, the National School Boards Association (NSBA), and other concerned groups and organizations on matters of mutual interest.

Policy History:

Adopted on: 08/18/14

Reviewed on: Revised on:

THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES

School Board Advocacy

Once the Board of Trustees has determined that it is in its best interest to actively become an advocate for the education of the students in its District, the following guidelines are established to help facilitate the process.

- 1. An additional item on the agenda of the Annual Organizational Meeting, usually held in May of each year, will include the appointment of one (1) of its trustees as the Board Legislative Contact (BLC) to the Montana School Boards Association (MTSBA).
 - a. The District Clerk will submit the name to the Administrative Service Specialist of the MTSBA no later than one (1) month after the appointment.
- 2. The Board will identify this appointee and/or additional trustees as registered lobbyists for the District.
 - a. The District Clerk will make sure that the appointed trustee(s) are sufficiently registered as lobbyists for the District.
- 3. The threshold for reimbursement of expenses before the lobbying license requirement becomes effective will be determined by the Commissioner of Political Practices.
- 4. The BLC, or designee, will attend the Day of Advocacy during each legislative session.
- 5. The BLC, or designee, will attend the annual Delegate Assembly.
- 6. The Board may set additional parameters, including the number of trips to the Legislature, the number of regional and state meetings approved, etc.
- 7. The Board will include an item on its monthly agenda, giving the BLC an opportunity to discuss advocacy information.

Legal Reference: § 5-7-112, MCA Payment threshold – inflation adjustment

ARM 44.12.204 Payment threshold – inflation adjustment

Procedure History:

Promulgated on: 08/18/14

Reviewed on: Revised on:

1135P

1210

Qualifications, Terms, and Duties of Board Officers

The Board officers are the Chairperson and Vice Chairperson. These officers are elected at the annual organizational meeting.

Chairperson

The Chairperson may be any trustee of the board, including an additional trustee as provided for in 20-3-352(2). If an additional trustee is chosen to serve as the Chairperson of an elementary district described in 20-3-351(1)(a), the additional trustee may not vote on issues pertaining only to the elementary district. The duties of the Chairperson include the following:

- Preside at all meetings and conduct meetings in the manner prescribed by the Board's policies;
- Make all Board committee appointments, subject to Board approval;
- Sign all papers and documents as required by law and as authorized by action of the Board;
- Close Board meetings as authorized by Montana law; and
- Act as spokesperson for the Board.

The Chairperson is permitted to participate in all Board meetings in a manner equal to all other Board members, including the right to participate in debate and to vote. The Chairperson may not make a motion, but may second motions.

Vice Chairperson

The Vice Chairperson shall preside at all Board meetings in the absence of the Chairperson and shall perform all the duties of the Chairperson during the Chairperson's absence or unavailability. The Vice Chairperson shall work closely with the Chairperson and shall assume whatever duties the Chairperson may delegate.

Cross Reference:	Policy 1120	Annual Organizational Meeting
Legal References:	§ 2-3-203, MCA	Meetings of public agencies and certain associations of public agencies to be open to public – exceptions
	§ 20-3-321(2), MCA	Organization and officers
	§ 20-3-351(1)(a), MCA	Number of trustee positions in high school districts
	§ 20-3-352(2), MCA	Request and determination of number of high school district additional trustee positions – nonvoting trustee

Policy History:

Adopted on: 09/09/97

Reviewed on:

Revised on: 08/22/08, 11/08/11, 08/18/14

1230

Clerk

The Clerk of the Board shall attend all meetings of the Board, unless excused by the Chairperson, and shall keep an accurate and permanent record of all proceedings. The Clerk shall have custody of the records, books, and documents of the Board. In the absence or inability of the Clerk to attend a Board meeting, the trustees will have one (1) of their members or a District employee act as clerk for the meeting, and said person will supply the Clerk with a certified copy of the proceedings.

The Clerk will keep accurate and detailed accounts of all receipts and disbursements made by the District. The Clerk shall draw and countersign all warrants for expenditures that have been approved by the Board.

The Clerk will make the preparations legally required for the notice and conduct of all District elections.

The Clerk shall prepare and submit to the Board a financial report of receipts and disbursements of all school funds on an annual basis, unless the Board requests such reports on a more frequent basis. The Clerk shall perform all functions pertaining to the preparation of school elections. The Clerk shall perform other duties as prescribed by state law or as directed by the Board and the Superintendent.

Legal references:	§ 20-3-321, MCA	Organization and officers
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§ 20-3-325, MCA Clerk of district

§ 20-4-201, MCA Employment of teachers and specialists by contract

§ 20-9-133, MCA Adoption and expenditure limitations of final

budget

§ 20-9-165, MCA Budget amendment limitation, preparation, and

adoption procedures

§ 20-9-221, MCA Procedure for issuance of warrants

§ 20-20-401(2), MCA Trustees' election duties – ballot certification

Policy History:

Adopted on: 09/09/97

Reviewed on:

Revised on: 08/22/08, 08/14/08

1240

Duties of Individual Trustees

THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES

and official action taken by the Board.

The authority of individual trustees is limited to participating in actions taken by the Board as a whole when legally in session. Trustees shall not assume responsibilities of administrators or other staff members. The Board or staff shall not be bound by an action taken or statement made by an individual trustee, except when such statement or action is pursuant to specific instructions

Each trustee shall review the agenda and attendant materials in advance of a meeting and shall be prepared to participate in discussion and decision making for each agenda item. Each trustee shall visit every school (except in 1st class districts) at least once per year to examine its management, conditions, and needs.

All trustees are obligated to attend Board meetings regularly. Whenever possible, a trustee shall give advance notice to the Chairperson or Superintendent, of the trustee's inability to attend a Board meeting. A majority of the Board may excuse a trustee's absence from a meeting if requested to do so.

Board members, as individuals, have no authority over school affairs, except as provided by law or as authorized by the Board.

Cross Reference: 1113 Vacancies

Legal References: § 20-3-301, MCA Election and term of office

§ 20-3-308, MCA Vacancy of trustee position

§ 20-3-324(22), MCA Powers and duties

§ 20-3-332, MCA Personal immunity and liability of trustees

Policy History:

Adopted on: 09/09/97 Reviewed on: 08/18/08 Revised on: 08/18/14

THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES

District Policy and Procedures

Adoption and Amendment of Policies

Proposed new policies and proposed changes to existing policies shall be presented in writing for reading and discussion at a regular or special Board meeting. Interested parties may submit views, present data or arguments, orally or in writing, in support of or in opposition to proposed policy. Any written statement by a person, relative to a proposed policy or amendment, should be directed to the District Clerk prior to the second (2nd) reading [final reading]. The final vote for adoption shall take place not earlier than at the second (2nd) reading of the particular policy. [New or revised policies that are required, or have required language changes based on State or Federal law, or are required changes by administrative rule, may be adopted after the first (1st) reading if sufficient notice has been given through the board agenda.]

All new or amended policies shall become effective on adoption; unless a specific effective date is stated in the motion for adoption.

Policies, as adopted or amended, shall be made a part of the minutes of the meeting at which action was taken and also shall be included in the District's policy manual. Policies of the District shall be reviewed on a regular basis.

Policy Manuals

The Superintendent shall develop and maintain a current policy manual which includes all policies of the District. Every administrator, as well as staff, students, and other residents, shall have ready access to District policies.

Suspension of Policies

Under circumstances that require waiver of a policy, the policy may be suspended by a majority vote of the trustees present. To suspend a policy, however, all trustees must have received written notice of the meeting, which includes the proposal to suspend a policy and an explanation of the purpose of such proposed suspension.

Administrative Procedures

The Superintendent shall develop such administrative procedures as are necessary to ensure consistent implementation of policies adopted by the Board.

When a written procedure is developed, the Superintendent shall submit it to the Board as an information item.

Legal References: § 20-3-323, MCA District policy and record of acts

10.55.701, ARM Board of Trustees

Policy History:

Adopted on: 09/09/97

Reviewed on:

Revised on: 08/18/08, 08/18/14, 03/09/15

THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES

Administrative Procedures

The Superintendent shall develop such administrative procedures as are necessary to ensure consistent implementation of policies adopted by the Board.

When a written procedure is developed, the Superintendent shall submit it to the Board as an information item. Such procedures need not be approved by the Board, though they may be revised, when it appears that they are not consistent with the Board's intentions as expressed in its policies. On controversial topics, the Superintendent may request prior Board approval.

Policy History:

Adopted on: 09/09/97

Revised on:

Reviewed on: 08/18/2008

Authorization of Signatures

For the conduct of the business of the District, the Board may grant authority to specific staff to sign certain documents on behalf of the District. The Chairman and Clerk are authorized to use a facsimile signature plate or stamp. All such plates must be filed under oath with the Secretary of State. The use and security of a signature stamp for use by the Chairperson and clerk shall be controlled in accordance with 20-9-221(2), MCA.

Warrants: The Chairman or Vice-Chairperson and clerk are authorized to sign all District warrants by facsimile signature on behalf of the Board.

Claim Forms: The Superintendent is authorized to certify voucher or invoice claims against or for the District.

Checks: The Superintendent is designated as the custodian of each school building's extracurricular fund account. The Superintendent is designated as the custodian of all District petty cash accounts.

Contracts for Goods and Services and Leases: The Superintendent is authorized to sign, on behalf of the Board, contracts, leases, and/or contracts for goods and services for amounts under \$12,500.00 without prior approval of the Board. The types of goods and services contracted for must be pre-approved by the Board.

Personnel Contracts: The Board Chairman and Clerk are authorized to sign personnel contracts and agreements of employment on behalf of the Board, by facsimile signature.

Negotiated Agreements: Negotiated agreements shall be signed for the District by the Board Chairman and the Clerk.

Legal Reference: 2-16-114,MCA Facsimile signatures

20-9-201,MCA Conflicts of interest, letting contracts,

calling for bids

20-9-213,MCA Duties of Trustees

20-9-221(2), MCA Procedure for issuance of warrants

Policy History:

Adopted on: 09/09/97

Revised on: 07/09/02, 08/13/03 Reviewed on: 08/18/2008

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Board Meetings

Meetings of the Board must occur at a duly called and legally conducted meeting. "Meeting" is defined as the convening of a quorum of the constituent membership of the Board, whether in person or by means of electronic equipment, to hear, discuss, or act upon a matter over which the Board has supervision, control, jurisdiction, or advisory power.

Regular Meetings

Unless otherwise specified, all meetings will take place in the Plentywood School Library. Regular meetings shall take place at 5:30 p.m. on the second Monday of each month, or at other times and places determined by a majority vote. Except for an unforeseen emergency, meetings must be held in school buildings or, upon the unanimous vote of the trustees, in a publicly accessible building located within the District. If regular meetings are scheduled at places other than as stated above or are adjourned to times other than the regular meeting time, notice of the meeting shall be made in the same manner as provided for special meetings. The trustees may meet outside the boundaries of the District for collaboration or cooperation on educational issues with other school boards, educational agencies, or cooperatives. Adequate notice of the meeting, as well as an agenda, must be provided to the public in advance. Decision making may only occur at a properly noticed meeting held within the District's boundaries. When a meeting date falls on a school holiday, the meeting may take place the next business day.

Emergency Meetings

In the event of an emergency involving possible personal injury or property damage, the Board may meet immediately and take official action without prior notification.

Budget Meetings

Between July 1 and August 10 of each year, the Clerk shall publish a notice stating the date, time, and place trustees will meet for the purpose of considering and adopting a final budget for the District, stating that the meeting of the trustees may be continued from day to day until final adoption of a District budget and that any taxpayer in the District may appear at the meeting and be heard for or against any part of the budget. This notice shall be published in the <u>The Sheridan</u> County News.

On the date and at the time and place stated in the published notice (on or before August 20), trustees shall meet to consider all budget information and any attachments required by law. The meeting may continue from day to day; however, the Board must adopt a final budget not later than August 25.

Special Meetings

Special meetings may be called by the Chairperson or by any two (2) trustees. A written notice of a special meeting, stating the purpose of the meeting, shall be delivered to every trustee not less than forty-eight (48) hours before the time of the meeting, except that the forty-eight-(48)-hour notice is waived in an unforeseen emergency as stated in § 20-3-322(5), MCA. Such written notice shall be posted conspicuously within the District in a manner that will receive public attention. Written notice also shall be sent not less than twenty-four (24) hours prior to the meeting, to each newspaper and radio or television station that has filed a written request for such notices. Business transacted at a special meeting will be limited to that stated in the notice of the meeting.

Closed Sessions

Under Montana law, the Board may meet in closed sessions to consider matters of individual privacy. Before closing a meeting, the presiding officer must determine that the demands of individual privacy exceed the merits of public disclosure and so state publicly before going into closed session. The Board also may go into closed session to discuss a strategy to be followed with respect to litigation, when an open meeting would have a detrimental effect on the litigating position of the District. This exception does not apply if the litigation involves only public bodies or associations as parties. Before closing a meeting for litigation purposes, the District may wish to consult legal counsel on the appropriateness of this action. No formal action shall take place during any closed session.

Legal References:	§ 2-3-103, MCA	Public participation – governor to ensure guidelines adopted
	§ 2-3-104, MCA	Requirements for compliance with notice provisions
	§ 2-3-105, MCA	Supplemental notice by radio or television
	§ 2-3-201, MCA	Legislative intent – liberal construction
	§ 2-3-202, MCA	Meeting defined
	§ 2-3-203, MCA	Meetings of public agencies and certain associations
		of public agencies to be open to public – exceptions
	§ 20-3-322, MCA	Meeting and quorum
	§ 20-9-115, MCA	Notice of final budget meeting
	§ 20-9-131, MCA	Final budget meeting
	10.55.701, ARM	Board of Trustees

Policy History:

Adopted on: 09/09/97

Reviewed on: 09/11/01, 10/11/05, 11/08/11

Revised on: 08/18/08, 4/10/12, 08/18/14, 11/14/16, 12/09/19

Records Available to Public

All District records, except those restricted by state and federal law, shall be available to citizens for inspection at the Clerk's office.

Any individual may request public information from the district. The district shall make the means of requesting public information accessible to all persons.

Upon receiving a request for public information, the district shall respond in a timely manner to the requesting person by:

- (a) Making the public information available for inspection and copying by the requesting person; or
- (b) Providing the requesting person with an estimate of the time it will take to fulfill the request if the public information cannot be readily identified and gathered and any fees that maybe charged.

The district may charge a fee for fulfilling a public information request. The fee may not exceed the actual costs directly incident to fulfilling the request in the most cost-efficient and timely manner possible. The fee must be documented. The fee may include the time required to gather public information. The district may require the requesting person to pay the estimated fee prior to identifying and gathering the requested public information.

The district is not required to alter or customize public information to provide it in a form specified to meet the needs of the requesting person. If the district agrees to a request to customize a records request response, the cost of the customization may be included in the fees charged by the district.

In accordance with § 20-9-213(1), MCA, the record of the accounting of school funds shall be open to public inspection at any meeting of the trustees. A fee may be charged for any copies requested. Copies will be available within a reasonable amount of time following a request.

A written copy of Board minutes shall be available to the general public within five (5) working days following approval of the minutes by the Board. If requested, one (1) free copy of minutes shall be provided to local media within five (5) working days following approval by the Board.

Legal References: § 2-6-1003, MCA Access to Public Information

§ 2-6-1006, MCA Public Information requests - fees § 20-3-323, MCA District policy and record of acts

§ 20-9-213, MCA Duties of trustees

Policy History:

Adopted on: 09/09/97

Reviewed on:

Revised on: 08/18/08, 07/13/10, 07/08/19

School Board Use of Electronic Mail

Use of e-mail and mobile messaging by members of the Board will conform to the same standards of judgment, propriety, and ethics as other forms of school board-related communication. Board members will comply with the following guidelines when using e-mail in the conduct of Board responsibilities:

- 1. The Board will not use e-mail or mobile messaging as a substitute for deliberations at Board meetings or for other communications or business properly confined to Board meetings.
- 2. Board members will be aware that mobile messages, e-mail and e-mail attachments received or prepared for use in Board business or containing information relating to Board business may be regarded as public records, which may be inspected by any person upon request, unless otherwise made confidential by law.
- 3. Board members will avoid reference to confidential information about employees, students, or other matters in e-mail communications and mobile communications, because of the risk of improper disclosure. Board members will comply with the same standards as school employees, with regard to confidential information.

Cross Reference: 1400 Board Meetings

1401 Records Available to Public

Legal Reference: § 2-3-103, MCA Public participation – governor

to insure guidelines adopted

§ 2-3-201, MCA Legislative intent – liberal construction

§ 2-3-203, MCA Meetings of public agencies and certain associations of

public agencies to be open to public – exceptions

§ 20-3-322, MCA Meeting and quorum

Policy History:

Adopted on: 01/11/05 Revised on: 12/09/19 Reviewed on: 08/18/08

THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES

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School Board Meeting Procedure

Agenda

The authority to set the board agenda lies with the Board Chair in consultation with board members and the administration. The act of preparing the board meeting agendas can be delegated to the Superintendent. The Board Chairperson must approve any items submitted by Board members or members of the public, to be placed on the agenda. Citizens wishing to make brief comments about school programs or procedures will follow the public comment procedures in district policy.

The agenda also must include a "public comment" portion to allow members of the general public to comment on any public matter under the jurisdiction of the District which is not specifically listed on the agenda, except that no member of the public will be allowed to comment on contested cases, other adjudicative proceedings, or personnel matters. The Board Chairperson may place reasonable time limits on any "public comment" period to maintain and ensure effective and efficient operations of the Board. The Board shall not take any action on any matter discussed, unless the matter is specifically noticed on the agenda, and the public has been allowed opportunity to comment.

With consent of a majority of members present, the order of business at any meeting may be changed. Copies of the agenda for the current Board meeting, minutes of the previous Board meeting, and relevant supplementary information will be prepared and distributed to each trustee at least twenty-four (24) hours in advance of a Board meeting and will be available to any interested citizen at the Superintendent's office twenty-four (24) hours before a Board meeting. An agenda for other types of Board meetings will be prepared, if circumstances require an agenda.

Consent Agenda

To expedite business at its meetings, the Board approves the use of a consent agenda, which includes those items considered to be routine in nature. Any item that appears on the consent agenda may be removed by a member of the Board. Any Board member who wishes to remove an item from the consent agenda must give advance notice in a timely manner to the Superintendent. Remaining items will be voted on by a single motion. The approved motion will be recorded in the minutes, including a listing of all items appearing on the consent agenda.

Minutes

Appropriate minutes of all meetings required to be open must be kept and must be available for inspection by the public. If an audio recording of a meeting is made and designated as official, the recording constitutes the office record of the meeting. If an official recording is made, a written record of the meeting must also be made and must also include:

- Date, time, and place of the meeting;
- Presiding officer;
- Board members recorded as absent or present;
- Summary of discussion on all matters discussed (including those matters discussed during the "public comment" section), proposed, deliberated, or decided, and a record of any votes taken;
- Detailed statement of all expenditures;
- Purpose of recessing to closed session; and
- Time of adjournment.

If the minutes are recorded and designated as the official record, a log or time stamp for each main agenda item is required for the purpose of providing assistance to the public in accessing that portion of the meeting.

Unofficial minutes shall be delivered to Board members in advance of the next regularly scheduled meeting of the Board. Minutes need not be read publicly, provided that Board members have had an opportunity to review them before adoption. A file of permanent minutes of Board meetings shall be maintained in the office of the Clerk, to be made available for inspection upon request. A written copy shall be made available within five (5) working days following approval by the Board.

Quorum

No business shall be transacted at any meeting of the Board unless a quorum of its members is present. A majority of the full membership of the Board shall constitute a quorum, whether the individuals are present physically or electronically. A majority of the quorum may pass a resolution, except as provided in § 20-4-203(1), MCA, and § 20-4-401(4), MCA.

Electronic Participation

The Board may allow members to participate in meetings by telephone or other electronic means. Board members may not simply vote electronically but must be connected with the meeting throughout the discussion of business. If a Board member electronically joins the meeting after an item of business has been opened, the remotely located member shall not participate until the next item of business is opened.

If the Board allows a member to participate electronically, the member will be considered present and will have his or her actual physical presence excused. The member shall be counted

present for purposes of convening a quorum. The Clerk will document it in the minutes, when members participate in the meeting electronically.

Any Board member wishing to participate in a meeting electronically will notify the Chairperson and Superintendent as early as possible. The Superintendent will arrange for the meeting to take place in a location with the appropriate equipment so that Board members participating in the meeting electronically may interact, and the public may observe or hear the comments made. The Superintendent will take measures to verify the identity of any remotely located participants.

Meeting Conduct and Order of Business

General rules of parliamentary procedure are used for every Board meeting. *Robert's Rules of Order* may be used as a guide at any meeting. The order of business shall be reflected on the agenda. The use of proxy votes shall not be permitted. Voting rights are reserved to those trustees in attendance. Voting shall be by acclamation or show of hands.

Rescind a Motion

A motion to rescind (cancel previous action) may be made anytime by any trustee. A motion to rescind must be properly noticed on the Board's agenda for the meeting. It is in order any time prior to accomplishment of the underlying action addressed by the motion.

Cross Reference: 1441 Audience Participation

Legal References: § 2-3-103, MCA Public participation - governor to ensure guidelines

adopted

§ 2-3-202, MCA Meeting defined

§ 2-3-212, MCA Minutes of meetings – public inspection § 20-1-212, MCA Destruction of records by school officer

§ 20-3-322, MCA Meetings and quorum

§ 20-3-323, MCA District policy and record of acts *Jones and Nash v. Missoula Co.*, 2006 MT2, 330 Mont 2005

Policy History:

Adopted on: 09/09/97

Revised on: 02/08/05, 08/22/2008, 10/12/2010, 11/08/11, 07/08/19, 12/12/19

Notice Regarding Public Comment

Montana law requires school districts and other public agencies to include on the agenda for public meetings an item allowing public comment on any public matter not otherwise specifically listed on the agenda that is within the jurisdiction of the agency. The public comment portion of the agenda is not the time designated to hear items that are specifically listed/identified on the agenda.

For those individuals who desire to address the Board during the public comment portion of the meeting, if you haven't already done so, please sign your name to the sheet and indicate the general topic on which you will be commenting. The Board Chairperson will call individuals to speak in the order listed on the sheet provided. Please state your name prior to beginning your comment. There will be an opportunity for citizens who have not signed in to comment at the conclusion of the comment period. The Board would like to remind everyone in attendance to avoid violations of individual rights of privacy when providing comment. The Board is not authorized to hear comments on contested cases or other adjudicative proceedings.

By law, the District cannot take any action on any matter discussed during the public comment portion of the meeting as those matters are specifically noticed on the agenda. The Board may take a matter raised during the public comment period under consideration for inclusion on a future agenda.

In accordance with Montana law, citizens have the right to comment on an item that is specifically listed on the agenda. Citizens will be permitted to do so when the item comes up for discussion and action. The board chair will indicate when the public has the opportunity to comment prior to board action on a particular agenda item.

The Board Chair has the authority to manage all public comment periods and will do so in accordance with state law and district policy.

Policy History:

Adopted on: 07/05/05 Reviewed on: 08/18/08 Revised on: 12/09/19

Abstentions From Voting

Section 20-3-323(2), MCA, requires the minutes of each Board meeting to include the voting records of each trustee present. As a general rule trustees should vote on all issues, unless casting a vote would be a violation of law. Under Montana law, instances in which it would be unlawful or inappropriate for a trustee to cast a vote on a particular issue include, but are not necessarily limited to situations when the Board is considering hiring the relative of a trustee.

In addition, a trustee shall be allowed to abstain from voting to avoid the appearance of impropriety or the appearance of a perceived conflict. If a trustee abstains from voting, the abstention should be recorded in the minutes and may include an explanation of the reasons for the abstention. The Board discourages abstentions, unless the reasons are substantiated as provided herein.

Legal References:	§ 2-2-302, MCA	Appointment of relative to office of trust or emolument unlawful – exceptions – publication of notice
	§ 20-3-323, MCA	District policy and record of acts
	§ 2-2-121, MCA	Rules of conduct for public officers and public employees
	§ 2-2-105, MCA	Ethical requirements for public officers and public employees
	§ 20-9-204, MCA	Conflicts of interests, letting contracts, and calling for bids
	§ 20-1-201, MCA	School officers not to act as agents

Policy History:

Adopted on: October 11, 2005 Revised on: 10/14/19 Reviewed on: 08/18/2008

Audience Participation

The Board recognizes the value of public comment on educational issues and the importance of involving members of the public in its meetings. The Board also recognizes the statutory and constitutional rights of the public to participate in governmental operations. To allow fair and orderly expression of public comments, the Board will permit public participation through oral or written comments during the "public comment" section of the Board agenda and prior to a final decision on a matter of significant interest to the public. The Chairperson may control such comment to ensure an orderly progression of the meeting in the manner described in Policy 1420F.

Cross Reference: 1420 School Board Meeting Procedure

Legal Reference: Article II, Section 8, Montana Constitution – Right of participation

Article II, Section 10, Montana Constitution – Right of privacy Chapter 2, Part 1, MCA Notice and Opportunity to Be Heard

Policy History:

Adopted on: 03/31/01

Revised on: 08/22/2008, 12/09/19

The Mission of the Board

As trustee for the community schools, the Board is responsible for:

<u>representing the community</u>: learning about the concerns and aspirations that all segments of the community have for the schools, and attempting to find ways to accommodate them where possible, so that the schools will accurately respond to the needs of the community;

<u>adopting policy</u>: developing and implementing policies that will guide the District toward compliance with federal and state statutes, rules, and regulations;

monitoring operations: reviewing District operations to insure compliance with District policies;

<u>controlling expenditures</u>: formulating the District's annual budget and approving expenditures pursuant to that budget; and

<u>resolving disputes</u>: resolving complaints or grievances brought by students, staff or patrons, except those which by law or contract are assigned elsewhere for resolution <u>shall be resolved by following the</u> District's Uniform Complaint Procedure under Policy 1700.

Cross Reference: 1700 Uniform Complaint Procedure

Policy History:

Adopted on: 09/09/97 Revised on: 05/09/07 Reviewed on: 08/18/2008

THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES

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Conflict of Interest

A trustee may not:

- 1. Engage in a substantial financial transaction for the trustee's private business purpose, with a person whom the trustee inspects or supervises in the course of official duties.
- 2. Perform an official act directly and substantially affecting, to its economic benefit, a business or other undertaking in which the trustee either has a substantial financial interest or is engaged as counsel, consultant, representative, or agent.
- 3. Act as an agent or solicitor in the sale or supply of goods or services to a district.
- 4. Have a pecuniary interest, directly or indirectly, in any contract made by the Board, when the trustee has more than a ten percent (10%) interest in the corporation. A contract does not include: 1) merchandise sold to the highest bidder at public auctions; 2) investments or deposits in financial institutions that are in the business of loaning or receiving money, when such investments or deposits are made on a rotating or ratable basis among financial institutions in the community or when there is only one (1) financial institution in the community; or 3) contracts for professional services other than salaried services or for maintenance or repair services or supplies when the services or supplies are not reasonably available from other sources, if the interest of any Board member and a determination of such lack of availability are entered in the minutes of the Board meeting at which the contract is considered.
- 5. Be employed in any capacity by the District, with the exception of officiating at athletic competitions under the auspices of the Montana officials association.
- 6. Perform an official act directly and substantially affecting a business or other undertaking to its economic detriment when the officer or employee has a substantial personal interest in a competing firm or undertaking.
- 7. Perform an official act directly and substantially affecting to its economic benefit a business or other undertaking in which the officer or employee either has a substantial financial interest or is engaged as counsel, consultant, representative, or agent.
- 8. Appoint to a position of trust or emolument any person related or connected by consanguinity within the fourth (4th) degree or by affinity within the second (2nd) degree.
 - a. This prohibition does not apply to the issuance of an employment contract to a person as a substitute teacher who is not employed as a substitute teacher for more than thirty (30) consecutive school days.

- b. This prohibition does not apply to the renewal of an employment contract of a person related to a Board member, who was initially hired before the Board member assumed the trustee position.
- c. This prohibition does not apply if trustees comply with the following requirements: 1) All trustees, except the trustee related to the person to be employed or appointed, vote to employ the related person; 2) the trustee related to the person to be employed abstains from voting; and 3) the trustees give fifteen (15) written notice of the time and place of their intended action in a newspaper of general circulation in the county where the school is located.

Policy History:

Adopted on: 09/09/97

Reviewed on:

Revised on: 05/09/07, 10/12/2010, 10/14/19, 12/09/19

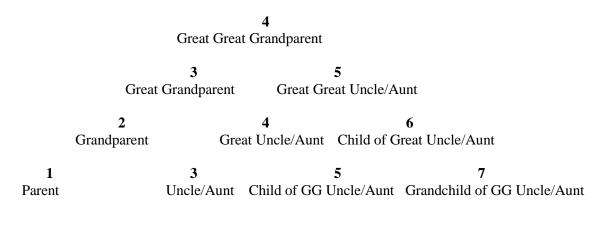
Relationships Defined and Chart

Definitions

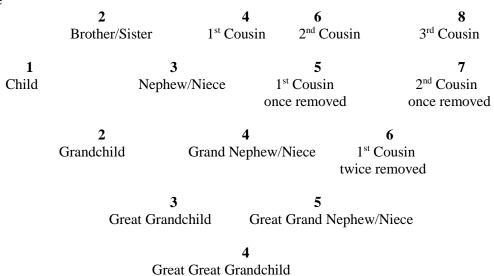
Affinity is the legal relationship arising as the result of marriage. Relationship by affinity terminates upon the death of one of the spouses or other dissolution of marriage, except when the marriage has resulted in issue still living.

Consanguinity is a relationship by blood relation. Relationship by consanguinity is confirmed by being descended from the same ancestor. Kinship determined by consanguinity may not be terminated.

Degrees of Consanguinity



Trustee



Degrees of Affinity

3 Great Grandparent-in-law or Step Great Grandparent

2 Grandparent-in-law or Step Grandparent

1 Father/Mother-in-law or Step Parent

Uncle/Aunt-in-law Or Step Uncle/Aunt

3

Trustee Spouse

Brother/Sister-in-law
Or Step Sibling

1 Step Child or Son/Daughter-in-law 3 Nephew/Niece-in-law or Step Nephew/Niece

2 Step Grandchild or Grandchild-in-law

3 Step Great Grandchild or Great Grandchild-in-law

<u>Policy History:</u>

Adopted on: 10/14/19

Reviewed on: Revised on:

THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES

Management Rights

The Board retains the right to operate and manage its affairs in such areas as but not limited to:

- 1. Direct employees;
- 2. Employ, dismiss, promote, transfer, assign, and retain employees;
- 3. Relieve employees from duties because of lack of work or funds under conditions where continuation of such work would be inefficient and nonproductive;
- 4. Maintain the efficiency of District operations;
- 5. Determine the methods, means, job classifications, and personnel by which District operations are to be conducted;
- 6. Take whatever actions may be necessary to carry out the missions of the District in situations of emergency;
- 7. Establish the methods and processes by which work is performed.

The Board reserves all other rights, statutory and inherent, as provided by state law.

The Board also reserves the right to delegate authority to the Superintendent for the ongoing direction of all District programs. The successful operation of this District requires a close, effective working relationship between the Board and the Superintendent. The relationship must be one of trust, good will, and candor. As the legally designated body, the Board retains final authority within the District. The Superintendent is the Board's professional advisor to whom the Board delegates the executive responsibility.

Cross Reference: 6110 Superintendent-Board Relations

Legal Reference: § 20-3-324, MCA Powers and duties

§ 39-31-303, MCA Management rights of public employers

Policy History:

Adopted on: 09/09/97

Revised on:

Reviewed on: 08/18/2008

THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES

Board/Staff Communications

Every reasonable means of communication is encouraged throughout the education community. Nevertheless, an organization must maintain some order and structure to promote efficient and effective communications.

Staff Communications to the Board

All official communications or reports to the Board, from principals, supervisors, teachers, or other staff members, shall be submitted through the Superintendent. This shall not deny any staff member's right to appeal to the Board from administrative decisions, provided that the Superintendent shall have been notified of the forthcoming appeal and that it is processed according to the applicable procedures for complaints and grievances.

Board Communications to Staff

All official communications, policies, and directives of staff interest and concern will be communicated to staff members through the Superintendent. The Superintendent will employ all such media as are appropriate to keep staff fully informed of the Board's concerns and actions.

Visits to Schools

In accordance with Montana statutes, each trustee shall visit each school of the District not less than once each school fiscal year to examine its condition and needs. Individual Board members interested in visiting schools should, out of courtesy, make arrangements for visitations through principals of the various schools. Such visits shall be regarded as informal expressions of interest in school affairs and not as "inspections" or visits for supervisory or administrative purposes.

Social Interaction

Staff and Board members share a keen interest in schools and education. When they meet at social affairs and other functions, informal discussion about such matters as educational trends, issues, and innovations and general District problems can be anticipated. Discussions of personalities or staff grievances are not appropriate.

Legal Reference: § 20-3-324(21), MCA Powers and duties

Policy History:

Adopted on: 09/09/97

Revised on:

Reviewed on: 08/18/2008

THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES

Board-Superintendent Relationship

The Board-Superintendent relationship is based on mutual respect for their complementary roles. The relationship requires clear communication of expectations regarding the duties and responsibilities of both the Board and the Superintendent.

The Board hires, evaluates, and seeks the recommendations of the Superintendent as the District chief executive officer. The Board adopts policies necessary to provide the general direction for the District and to encourage achievement of District goals. The Superintendent develops plans, programs, and procedures needed to implement the policies and directs the District's day-to-day operations.

Cross Reference: 6110 Superintendent

Legal Reference: § 20-4-401, MCA Appointment and dismissal of district

superintendent or county high school principal

§ 20-4-402, MCA Duties of district superintendent or county high

school principal

Policy History:

Adopted on: 09/09/97 Revised on: 05/09/07 Reviewed on: 08/18/2008

THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES

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Trustee Expenses

Expenses for Board Members - In-District

The members of the trustees of any district may not receive compensation for their services as trustees. The members of the trustees who reside over 3 miles from the trustees' meeting place must be reimbursed at the rate as provided in 2-18-503 for every mile necessarily traveled between their residence and the meeting place and return in attending the regular and special meetings of the trustees, and all trustees must be similarly reimbursed for meetings called by the county superintendent. The travel reimbursement may be accumulated during the school fiscal year and paid at the end of the fiscal year, at the discretion of each trustee.

A trustee is entitled to collect mileage at a rate equal to the mileage allotment allowed by the United States internal revenue service for the current year for the first 1,000 miles and 3 cents less per mile for all additional miles traveled within a given calendar month.

A trustee must file a reimbursement for mileage form, prior to July 1 of each year, requesting reimbursement for the fiscal year. The form may be obtained from the District Clerk/Business Manager.

Expenses for Board Members at Out-of-District Meetings

Trustees elected by the citizens to serve on the Board that provides governance to the District, a financially large public enterprise, serve without financial compensation. To intelligently deal with numerous issues and to budget and monitor thousands of dollars in expenditures annually, training and communications are essential. Trustees normally attend workshops, training institutes, and conferences at both the state and national levels. It is appropriate that trustee expenditures at these out-of-District meetings be paid by the District:

It is the intent of the District to pay all legitimate costs for trustees to attend out-of-District meetings. The purpose of this policy is to provide for expenditure guidelines and define what is considered legitimate expenses of attendance at out-of-District meetings. The District will pay the cost for:

- 1. Transportation to and from the meeting site.
- 2. On-site transportation during the course of the meeting, i.e., bus, taxi, or rental car.
- 3. Hotel or motel costs for trustees, as necessary.
- 4. Food costs as necessary.
- 5. Telephone services shall be provided for necessary communications with business or family, resulting from the trustee being away from Plentywood.
- 6. Incidental expenditures for tips and other necessary costs attributable to the trustee's attendance at a meeting.
- 7. Registration and materials, which are a part of the meeting agenda and/or requirements.

Trustees may be asked to provide an accounting for their full expenses.

Legal References: 2-18-503, MCA Mileage allowance

20-1-211, MCA Expenses of officers attending conferences 20-3-311, MCA Trustee travel reimbursement

Policy History: Adopted on: 09/09/97

Revised on: 10/9/01, 04/08/19

Reviewed on: 08/18/2008

Trustee Insurance

The District shall maintain sufficient insurance to protect the Board and its individual members against liability arising from actions of the Board or its individual members while each is acting on behalf of the District and within the trustee's authority.

An additional trustee, as provided for in 20-3-352(2), who is chosen as a nonvoting chairperson of the board of an elementary district is entitled to all of the immunization, defenses, and indemnifications as described in 20-3-322, MCA.

Legal References: § 20-3-331, MCA Purchase of insurance – self-insurance plan

§ 20-3-332, MCA Personal immunity and liability of trustees § 20-3-352(2), MCA Request and determination of number of high school district additional trustee positions –

nonvoting trustee

Policy History:

Adopted on: 09/09/97

Reviewed on: 08/18/2008, 11/08/11

THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES

Annual Goals and Objectives

Each year, the Board will formulate or review the goals of the District that reflect the district's strategic plan of education. At the conclusion of each school year, the Superintendent and/or a designee of the Superintendent shall report to the Board information which reflects the accomplishments towards the goals of the District.

The Chairperson may appoint a committee of the Board, to include the Superintendent and/or a designee of the Superintendent to annually review the goals and report to the Board.

Cross Reference: MTSBA Strategic Governance Policy Series – 1000SG

Legal Reference: 10.55.701(2)(a), ARM Board of Trustees

Policy History:

Adopted on: 09/09/97 Reviewed on: 08/18/2008

Revised on: 10/09/01, 11/12/2012, 11/11/2019

THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES

Evaluation of Board

At the conclusion of each year, the Board may evaluate its own performance in terms of generally accepted principles of successful Board operations.

The Board may choose to evaluate the effectiveness of the processes it employs in carrying out the responsibilities of the District. Those processes include but are not limited to: team building, decision making, functions planning, communications, motivation, influence, and policy.

Policy History:

Adopted on: 09/09/97

Revised on:

Reviewed on: 08/18/2008

THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES

<u>In-Service Conference for Trustees</u>

In keeping with the need for continued boardsmanship development, the Board encourages the participation of its members at appropriate Board conferences, workshops, conventions, and District-sponsored in-service training sessions. Funds for participation at such meetings will be budgeted on an annual basis.

Policy History:

Adopted on: 09/09/97

Revised on:

Reviewed on: 08/18/2008

ADMINISTRATION 1635

Internships

Internship means an agreement between a fully licensed Class 1, 2, or 3 educator, the school district, and a Montana accredited educator preparation program. Internships are permitted in endorsement areas approved by the Board of Public Education.

The Board recognizes the need to provide training opportunities for prospective teachers and administrators. Internships for those in the process of acquiring teaching endorsements and/or administrative credentials shall be considered and approved on an individual basis. The Superintendent or designee involved will review the internship proposal with the candidate and the university representative, much in the same manner as student teachers are assigned.

As part of an internship agreement, the parties must agree to the following:

- (a) the intern will complete the requirements for the appropriate endorsement within three years;
- (b) the school district will provide local supervision and support of the intern; and
- (c) the accredited educator preparation program will approve the coursework and provide support and periodic supervision.

A superintendent intern shall be supervised throughout the year by a licensed and endorsed superintendent contracted by the district, including participation in, and review of, and written concurrence in all performance evaluations of licensed staff completed by the intern.

An emergency authorization of employment granted by the Superintendent of Public Instruction pursuant to §20-4-111, MCA is not a license; therefore is not eligible for an internship.

Legal Reference: § 20-4-111, MCA	Emergency authorization of employment
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ARM 10.55.602 Definitions ARM 10.55.607 Internships

ARM 10.55.702 Licensure and duties of District

Administrator – District Superintendent

ARM 10.57.412 Class 1 and 2 Endorsements ARM 10.57.413 Class 3 Administrative License

Policy History:

Adopted on: 08/18/14

Reviewed on: Revised on:

THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES

Board Participation in Activities

Members of the Board, collectively and individually, are encouraged to attend school activities, social functions, and instructional programs at no cost to the trustees, in order to view and observe such functions in operation. Attendance at such programs as musical presentations, speech activities, clubs, dramatic productions, and athletic events, indicates interest in school affairs and provides opportunity for more comprehensive understanding of the total school program. Administration will provide appropriate communications to trustees to keep them informed about activities they may wish to attend.

Policy History:

Adopted on: 09/09/97

Revised on:

Reviewed on: 08/18/2008

<u>Uniform Complaint Procedure</u>

The Board establishes this Uniform Complaint Procedure as a means to address complaints arising within the District. This Uniform Complaint Procedure is intended to be used for all complaints except those governed by a specific process in state or federal law that supersedes this process or collective bargaining agreement. Matters covered by a collective bargaining agreement will be reviewed in accordance with the terms of the applicable agreement.

The District requests all individuals to use this complaint procedure, when the individual believes the Board or its employees or agents have violated the individual's rights under state or federal law or Board policy. Complaints against a building administrator shall be filed with the Superintendent. Complaints against the Superintendent or District administrator shall be filed with the Board.

The District will endeavor to respond to and resolve complaints without resorting to this formal complaint procedure and, when a complaint is filed, to address the complaint promptly and equitably. The right of a person to prompt and equitable resolution of a complaint filed hereunder will not be impaired by a person's pursuit of other remedies. Use of this complaint procedure is not a prerequisite to pursue other remedies and use of this complaint procedure does not extend any filing deadline related to pursuit of other remedies.

Deadlines requiring District action in this procedure may be extended for reasons related but not limited to the District's retention of legal counsel and District investigatory procedures.

Level 1: Informal

An individual with a complaint is first encouraged to discuss it with the appropriate or building administrator, with the objective of resolving the matter promptly and informally. An exception is that a complaint of sexual harassment should be discussed directly with an administrator not involved in the alleged harassment.

Level 2: Building Administrator

When a complaint has not been or cannot be resolved at Level 1, an individual may file a signed and dated written complaint stating: (1) the nature of the complaint; (2) a description of the event or incident giving rise to the complaint, including any school personnel involved; and (3) the remedy or resolution requested. The written complaint must be filed within thirty (30) calendar days of the event or incident or from the date an individual could reasonably become aware of such event or incident. The applicability of the deadline is subject to review by the Superintendent to ensure the intent of this uniform complaint procedure is honored.

When a complaint alleges violation of Board policy or procedure, the building administrator will

investigate and attempt to resolve the complaint. The administrator will respond in writing to the complaint, within thirty (30) calendar days of the administrator's receipt of the complaint.

If the complainant has reason to believe the administrator's decision was made in error, the complainant may request, in writing, that the Superintendent review the administrator's decision. (See Level 3.) This request must be submitted to the Superintendent within fifteen (15) calendar days of the administrator's decision.

When a complaint alleges sexual harassment or a violation of Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972 (the Civil Rights Act), Title II of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, or Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, the building administrator may turn the complaint over to a District nondiscrimination coordinator. The coordinator will complete an investigation and file a report and recommendation with the Superintendent. If the complainant reason to believe the Superintendent's decision was made in error, the complainant may request, in writing, that the Board consider an appeal of the Superintendent's decision. (See Level 4.) This request must be submitted in writing to the Superintendent, within fifteen (15) calendar days of the Superintendent's written response to the complaint, for transmission to the Board.

Level 3: Superintendent

If the complainant appeals the administrator's decision provided for in Level 2, the Superintendent will review the complaint and the administrator's decision. The Superintendent will respond in writing to the appeal, within thirty (30) calendar days of the Superintendent's receipt of the written appeal. In responding to the appeal, the Superintendent may: (1) meet with the parties involved in the complaint; (2) conduct a separate or supplementary investigation; (3) engage an outside investigator or other District employees to assist with the appeal; and/or (4) take other steps appropriate or helpful in resolving the complaint.

If the complainant has reason to believe the Superintendent's decision was made in error, the complainant may request, in writing, that the Board consider an appeal of the Superintendent's decision. (See Level 4.) This request must be submitted in writing to the Superintendent, within fifteen (15) calendar days of the Superintendent's written response to the complaint, for transmission to the Board.

Level 4: The Board

Upon written appeal of a complaint alleging a violation the individual's rights under state or federal law or Board policy upon which the Board of Trustees has authority to remedy, the Board may consider the Superintendent's decision in Level 2 or 3. Upon receipt of written request for appeal, the Chair will either: (1) place the appeal on the agenda of a regular or special Board meeting, (2) appoint an appeals panel of not less than three trustees to hear the appeal and make a recommendation to the Board, or (3) respond to the complaint with an explanation of why the appeal will not be heard by the Board of Trustees in accordance with this policy. If the Chair

appoints a panel to consider the appeal, the panel will meet to consider the appeal and then make written recommendation to the full Board. The Board will report its decision on the appeal, in writing, to all parties, within thirty (30) calendar days of the Board meeting at which the Board considered the appeal or the recommendation of the panel. A decision of the Board is final, unless it is appealed pursuant to Montana law within the period provided by law.

Legal Reference: Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972 (Civil Rights Act)

Title II of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990

§ 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973

Policy History:

Adoption on: 02/08/05

Revised on: 03/10/09, 12/09/19

Reviewed on: 05/13/19